## SUMMARY

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## 1. MULTI-POSITIONER

The converter can execute up to 12 point-to-point completely programmable movements.
These movements can be selected in sequence or individually.
To enable the multipositioner: $\mathbf{c 7 0}=1$. The standard positioner must be already enabled ( $c 26=1$ and $\mathrm{c} 35=1$ ).
WARNING: while the multipositioner is enabled parameters P02, P08, P13, P14, P18 are used by the internal SW, thus the value can be overwritten.

### 1.1. PARAMETERS FOR THE MOVEMENTS

Following parameters can be set for each movement:

- movement number N
- Vmax (\%)
- ramp1 (ms)
- ramp2 (ms)
- displacement (enc. puls.)



### 1.2. SEQUENCE

Set c71 = $\mathbf{0}$ to enable the SEQUENCE MODE; in c72 must be set the number of the last movement in the sequence (that number cannot exceed 12). Following commands are allowed for the sequence; the user can give the commands through a logic input or a software switch (logic OR):

| L.I. function | sw switch | command | description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 22 | $c 73$ | FIRST | execute the first movement of the sequence |
| 23 | $c 74$ | PREV | execute the previous movement of the sequence |
| 24 | $c 75$ | NEXT | execute the next movement of the sequence |
| 25 | $c 76$ | LAST | execute the last movement of the sequence |
| 26 | $c 77$ | RESET | reset the sequence |
| 27 | $c 78$ | SKIPR | skip the previous movement |
| 28 | $c 79$ | SKIPF | skip the next movement |
| 29 | $c 80$ | REPEAT | repeat actual movement |

The numbers in the first column can be programmed in the software switches c1, c3, c4, c5, c6, c15, c16 to select the function of Logic Inputs.

### 1.3. INDIVIDUAL SELECTION THROUGH LOGIC INPUTS

Set $\mathbf{c} 71=1$ to enable INDIVIDUAL SELECTION MODE through L.I.
The selection of the movement is made by a binary code set through the logic inputs:

| L.I. function | sw switch | descrizione |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 30 | c81 | Start command |
| 32 | $/$ | bit 0 of the movement selection code |
| 33 | $/$ | bit 1 of the movement selection code |
| 34 | $/$ | bit 2 of the movement selection code |
| 35 | $/$ | bit 3 of the movement selection code |

The configuration of the logic inputs is read at the low-to high commutation of the start command. The start command can be given to the converter through L.I. or software command c81=1. The switch c 81 will be reset automatically by the converter.

## EXAMPLE 1:

settings: c5 = 32 (LI5 is bit 0 ), c6 = 33 (LI6 is bit 1 ), c7 = 34 (LI7 is bit 2 ), c8 = 35 (LI8 is bit 3 ).
suppose that when start goes high:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\mathrm{LI} 5=\mathrm{H} & \rightarrow \text { bit0 }=1 \\
\mathrm{LI} 6=\mathrm{L} & \rightarrow \text { bit1 }=0 \\
\mathrm{LI} 7=\mathrm{H} & \rightarrow \text { bit2 }=1 \\
\mathrm{LI} 8=\mathrm{L} & \rightarrow \text { bit3 }=0
\end{array}
$$

the binary code obtained is 0101, thus the selected movement is number:
$\mathrm{N}=$ 8*bit3 $^{*}+$ bit2*4 + bit1*2 + bit0*1 $=4+1=5$

## EXAMPLE 2:

With the same settings of EXAMPLE 1, suppose that the desired movement is n .7 :
7 dec. $=111$ binary :

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { bit0 }=1 & \rightarrow \text { LI5 }=\mathrm{H} \\
\text { bit1 }=1 & \rightarrow \text { LI6 }=\mathrm{H} \\
\text { bit2 }=1 & \rightarrow \text { LI7 }=\mathrm{H} \\
\text { bit3 }=0 & \rightarrow \text { LI8 }=\mathrm{L}
\end{array}
$$

### 1.4. INDIVIDUAL SELECTION THROUGH SOFTWARE SWITCH

Set c71 = 2 to enable INDIVIDUAL SELECTION MODE through software switch. The user must set in c89 the number of the desired movement.
If this mode is selected, the L.I. programmed with function $32 \div 35$ are ignored, and only c89 is considered. For the start command see the previous paragraph.

### 1.5. DISPLAYS AND LOGIC OUTPUTS

New outputs have been added to the standard version : the outputs (to be programmed in c7, c8, c18) for the end-of-movement signals are as follows:

| L.O. function | description |
| :---: | :---: |
| 17 | movement n .1 executed (stop in position n .1 ) |
| 18 | movement n . 2 executed (stop in position n. 2) |
| 19 | movement n. 3 executed (stop in position n. 3) |
| 20 | movement n. 4 executed (stop in position n. 4) |
| 21 | movement n. 5 executed (stop in position n. 5) |
| 22 | movement n .6 executed (stop in position n. 6) |
| 23 | movement n . 7 executed (stop in position n. 7) |
| 24 | movement n. 8 executed (stop in position n. 8) |
| 25 | movement n. 9 executed (stop in position n. 9) |
| 26 | movement n .10 executed (stop in position n . 10) |
| 27 | movement n .11 executed (stop in position n . 11) |
| 28 | movement n .12 executed (stop in position n .12 ) |

In the keypad are displayed following information:

|  | descrizione |
| :--- | :--- |
| d22 | n. encoder pulses made in the actual movement (mod 20000) |
| d23 | n. encoder pulses made in the actual movement (multiple of 20000) |
| d24 | n. of the actual movement (1-12) |

The same informations can be read from serial line, but the format is a little different:

|  | descrizione |
| :--- | :--- |
| d22 | n. encoder pulses made in the actual movement (Least significant word) |
| d23 | n. impulsi encoder percorsi nello spost. attuale (Most significant word) |
| d24 | n. of the actual movement $(1 \div 12)$ |

WARNING: the user can insert a time pause after the end of a movement, in which commands are rejected: that time pause can be set in P100 ( $0 \div 500 \mathrm{~ms}$ ).
example:


State diagrams of the sequence: the number of the movements is in the circles, and the arrows simbolize the commands:


### 1.6. SERIAL LINE SETTINGS: TDEMACNO PROTOCOL

WARNING: the movements can be programmed only thruogh serial line.
Data can be set through serial line with the following data frame (movement number N ); that is an extension of the TDEMACNO serial protocol:
message to the converter:
data area


The answer from the drive is equal to "machine status" (see manual). In pareticular byte " $Y$ " signals if settings are correct.


For the meaning of the bytes NS, TR, LD, Y, XR see user manual.
Data can be requested to the converter as follows (movement number N ):
Message to the drive:


Answer from the converter:
data area


WARNING: the data of the movement can be saved in EEPROM giving the command $c 43=1$.

The field speed is expresseed as a percentage of the maximum speed: 16383 corresponds to $100.0 \%$ of maximum speed; -8192 corresponds to $-50.0 \%$ of maximum speed.
The other fields are represented without conversion.

## DMBL MULTI-POSITIONER MANUAL V1.03

The contents of this manual is referred to 6.04 software version

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